



## Extended Graphical Physical Report

**DairyBase Report for:** Lincoln University Dairy Farm (Farm ID: 420232)

**Farming Season:** 2024/2025

**Date Printed:** 04/06/2026

**Report Benchmark:** Region (Canterbury) | Low/medium/High feed input (Medium input (System 3))

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# Farm business description

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Farm name         | Lincoln University Dairy Farm                 |
| Season            | 2024-25                                       |
| Business type     | Owner operator                                |
| Production system | 3 Feed imported to extend lactation<br>11-20% |
| Balance month     | May   |

|                      |                                  |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| District, Region     | Selwyn, Canterbury               |
| Milking interval     | Other, (3 times in 48 hours etc) |
| Calving season       | Spring only                      |
| Winter milk, Organic | No, No                           |
| % farm irrigated     | More than 30%                    |

| Land (ha)                      |            |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| Total Dairying area            | 167.5      |
| Less un-grazable area          | 7.5        |
| <b>Effective Dairying area</b> | <b>160</b> |
| Dairy Support effective area   | 65         |
| Non-dairy effective area       | 0          |

| Labour                |            |
|-----------------------|------------|
| FTE paid labour       | 3.8        |
| FTE unpaid labour     | 0.0        |
| FTE unpaid management | 0.0        |
| <b>Total FTEs</b>     | <b>3.8</b> |

| Stock             |           |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Peak cows milked  | 560       |
| Predominant breed | Crossbred |

| Production (financial year) | Total milksolids (kg) |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2024-25                     | 257,815               |
| 2023-24                     | 261,894               |
| 2022-23                     | 247,291               |

# Business Performance Summary

|                           | 2024-25 | 2023-24 | 2022-23 |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| <b>Physical</b>           |         |         |         |
| Cows per hectare          | 3.5     | 3.5     | 3.4     |
| kg milksolids per hectare | 1,611   | 1,637   | 1,546   |
| kg milksolids per cow     | 460     | 468     | 457     |
| Cows per FTE              | 147     | 147     | 164     |
| kg milksolids per FTE     | 67,846  | 68,919  | 74,937  |

## Detailed physical description

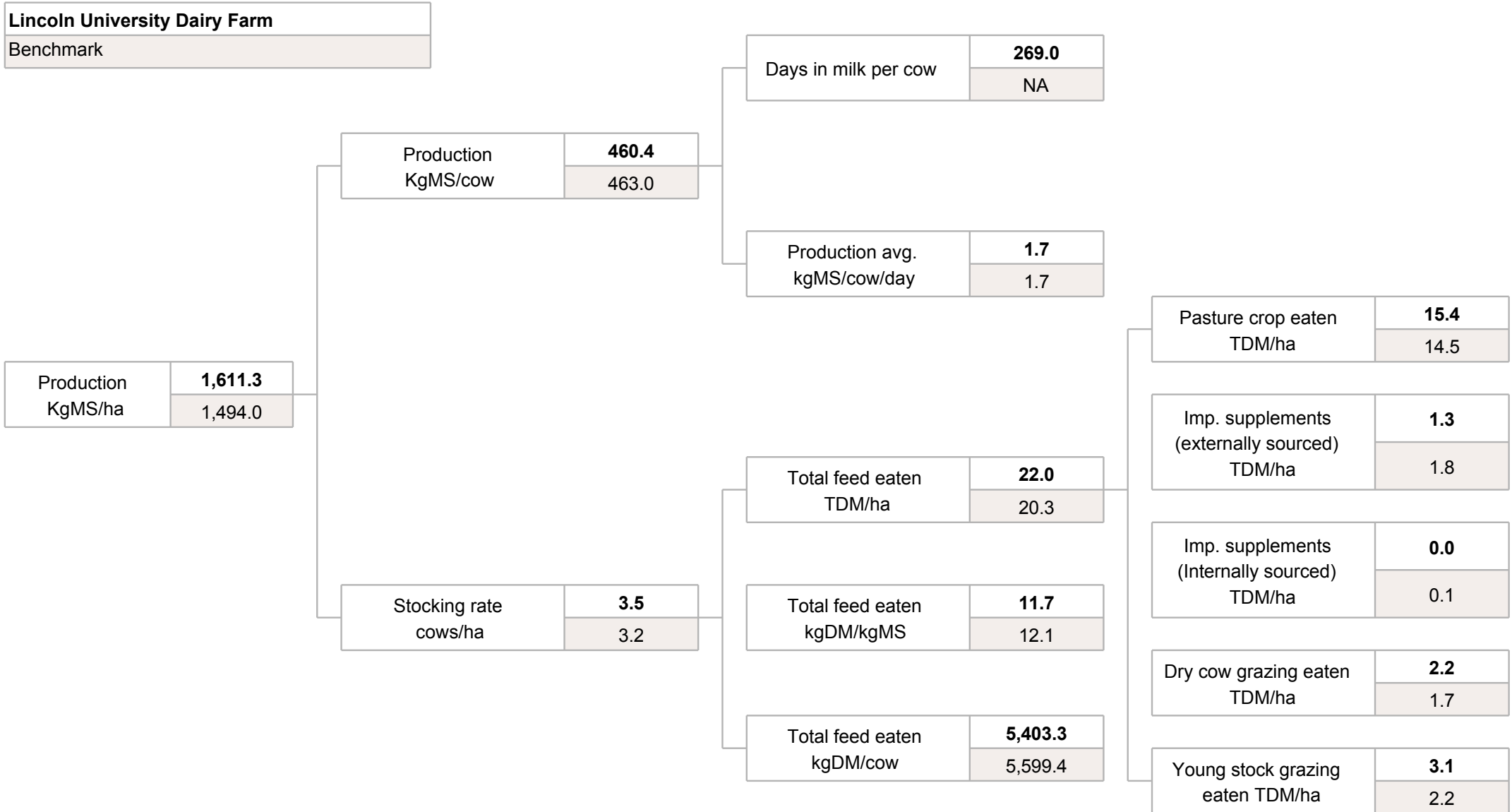
|  | 2024-25                                    |           | 2023-24                                    | 2022-23                                    |
|--|--|-----------|--|--|
|  | Farm                                       | Benchmark | Farm                                       | Farm                                       |
| Milking area                           | 160.0                                      | 258.4     | 160.0                                      | 160.0                                      |
| Dairy Support block effective area     | 65.0                                       | 34.0      | 28.0                                       | 28.0                                       |
| % of farm at different height to dairy | 0%   | 9%        | 0%   | 0%   |
| Peak cows milked                       | 560  | 834       | 560  | 541  |
| Stocking rate (cow/ha)                 | 3.5  | 3.2       | 3.5  | 3.4  |
| Cow breed                              | Crossbred                                  |           | Crossbred                                  | Crossbred                                  |
| Replacement calves reared              | 104  |           | 113  | 143  |
| Cow liveweight (kg)                    | 500  | 485       | 500  | 500  |
| BW/reliability                         | 328 / 54 LIC                               | -         | 305 / 51 LIC                               | 211 / 51 LIC                               |
| PW/reliability                         | 360 / 77 LIC                               | -         | 352 / 64 LIC                               | 259 / 77 LIC                               |
| Liveweight per ha (kg/ha)              | 1,750                                      | 1,564     | 1,750                                      | 1,691                                      |
| Production system                      | 3 Feed imported to extend lactation 11-20% |           | 4 Feed imported to extend lactation 21-30% | 4 Feed imported to extend lactation 21-30% |
| Calving season                         | Spring only                                |           | Spring only                                | Spring only                                |
| Nitrogen applied (kg/ha)               | 174  | 166       | 182  | 170  |

Benchmark: *Region (Canterbury) | Low/medium/High feed input (Medium input (System 3))*

*Average of 38 farms*

# What drives my production?

Milk production is an important driver of profitability. It is the result of many on-farm factors. The production driver tree below illustrates how these are linked and how your farm compares with the benchmark selected. Further analysis on each area is available in this section.

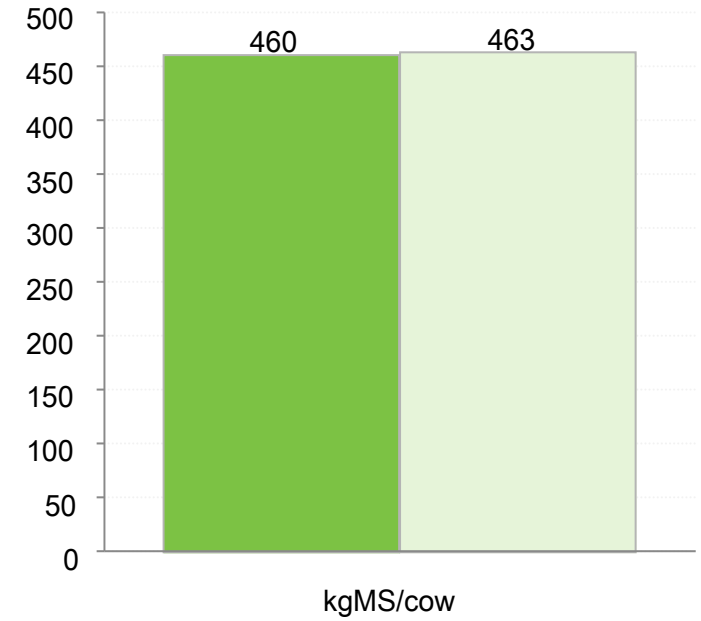
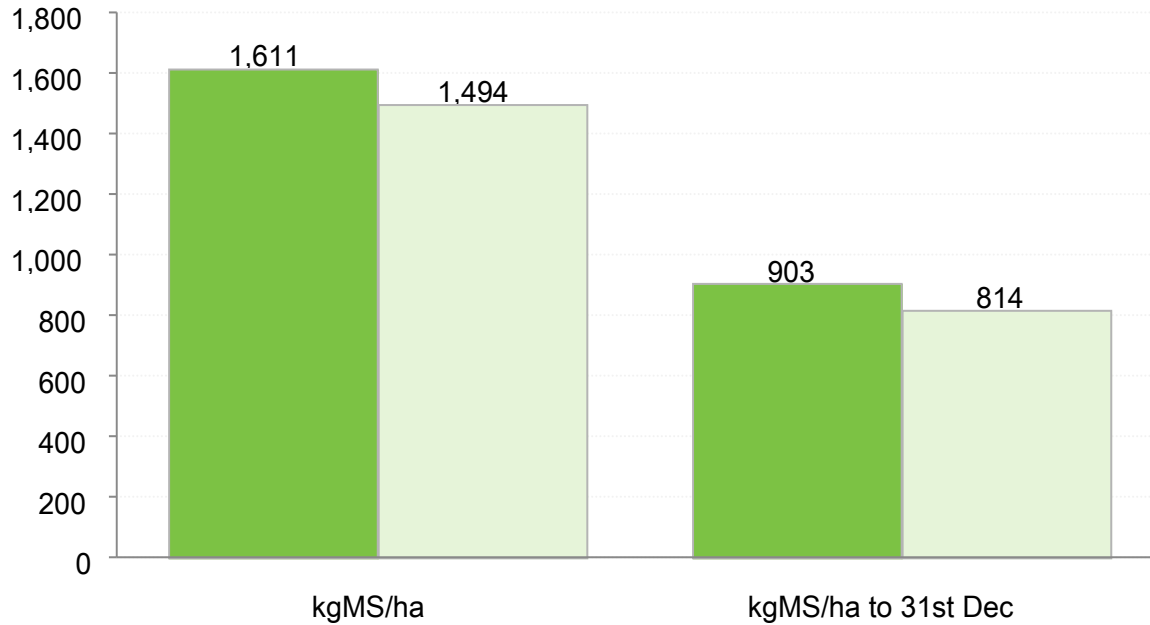


Benchmark: Region (Canterbury) | Low/medium/High feed input (Medium input (System 3))

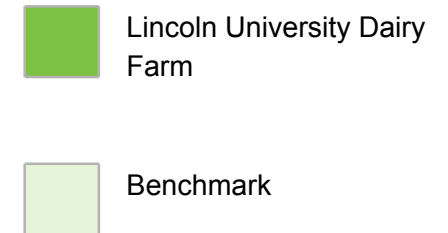
Average of 38 farms

# Milksolids production (to factory - seasonal year)

This page provides an analysis of milksolids production for the 2024-25 season.



|   | 2024-25   |           |
|---|-----------|-----------|
|   | Your farm | Benchmark |
| kgMS % live weight                      | 92%       | 96%       |
| Average daily kgMS per cow 10 day peak  | 2.1       | 2.1       |
| Average MS/cow/day                      | 1.7       | 1.7       |
| Monthly production drop: peak to 31 Dec | 2.9%      |           |
| Days in milk per cow                    | 269       | 267       |

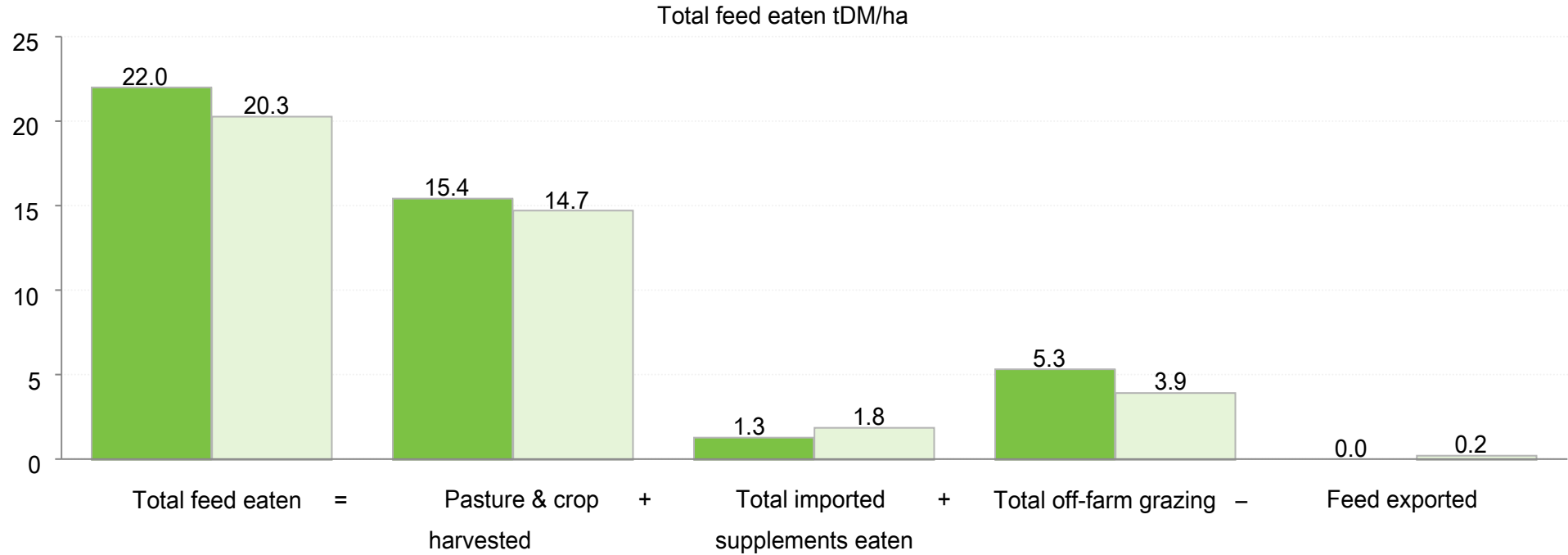


Benchmark: Region (Canterbury) | Low/medium/High feed input (Medium input (System 3))  
Average of 38 farms

# Feed Eaten

This page provides an analysis of feed eaten and crops grazed and harvested for the 2024-25 season.

■ Lincoln University Dairy Farm
 ■ Benchmark



|  | 2024-25   |           |                                   |           |           |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|  | Your farm | Benchmark |                                   | Your farm | Benchmark |
| Imported supplement eaten (kgDM/cow)           | 362       | 573       | Farm grazed in winter crop (ha)   | 0.0       | 8.0       |
| Imported supplement & grazing eaten (kgDM/cow) | 999       | 1,104     | Farm grazed in summer crop (ha)   | 0.0       | 1.1       |
| Average utilisation imported feed              | 80%       | 82%       | Farm in harvest crop (ha)         | 0.0       | 1.0       |
| Average MJME/kgDM imported feed                | 12.0      | 10.8      | % farm harvested for hay & silage | 13%       | 17%       |

Benchmark Region (Canterbury) | Low/medium/High feed input (Medium input (System 3))  
Average of 38 farms

## Soils, Fertiliser & Irrigation

|                                   | 2024-25 |           | 2023-24 | 2022-23 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|
| Soil & Fertiliser                 | Farm    | Benchmark | Farm    | Farm    |
| Olsen P range                     | 25      |           | 25      | 0       |
| Soil pH range                     | 6.0     |           | 5.9     | 6.0     |
| Nitrogen applied (kg/ha)          | 174     | 166       | 182     | 170     |
| Phosphate applied (kg/ha)         | 38      | 32        | 36      | 28      |
| Potassium applied (kg/ha)         | 0       | 11        | 0       | 0       |
| Lime applied (kg/ha)              | 0       | 72        | 0       | 0       |
| Irrigation                        | Farm    | Benchmark | Farm    | Farm    |
| Area irrigated (ha)               | 0       | 120       | 0       | 0       |
| % of effective area irrigated     | 99%     | 91%       | 99%     | 91%     |
| Total water applied annually (mm) | 341     | 281       | 426     | 132     |

*Benchmark Region (Canterbury) | Low/medium/High feed input (Medium input (System 3))  
Average of 38 farms*

# Calving & mating

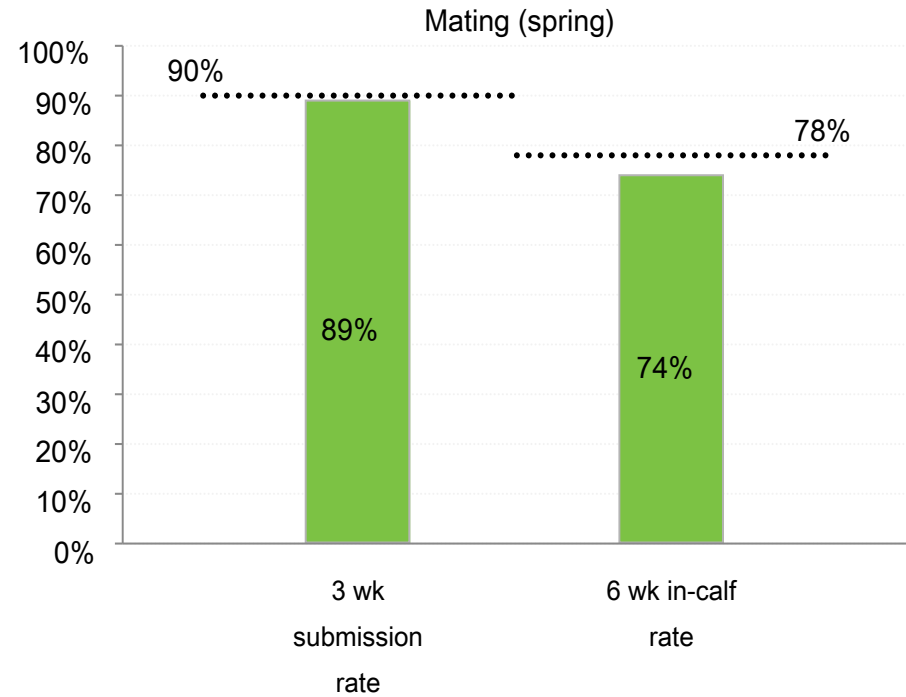
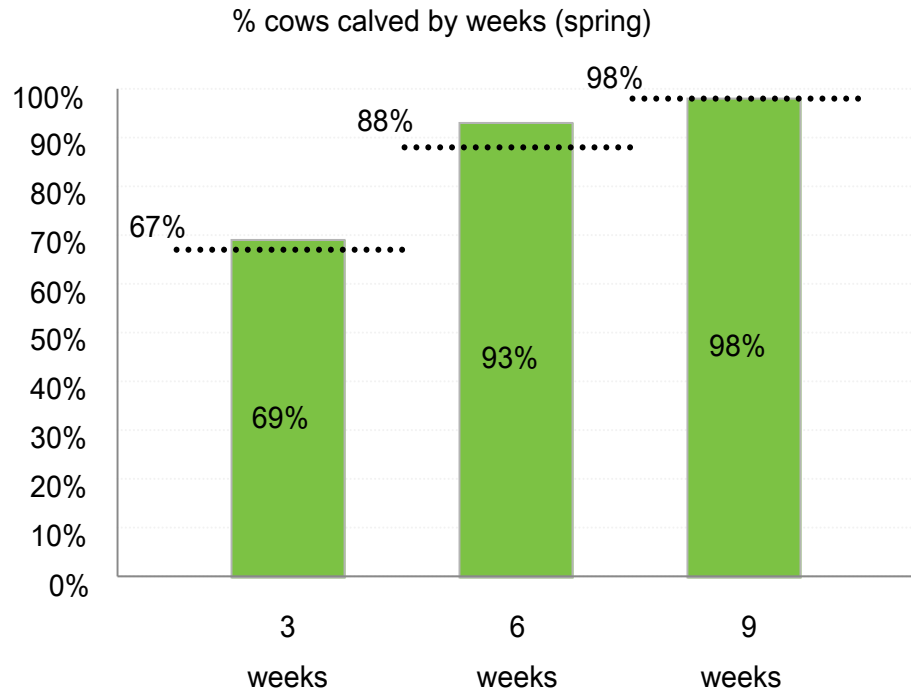
This page provides a summary of your calving and mating for the 2024-25 season. Refer to your Fertility Focus report for further detail.



Lincoln University Dairy Farm



Industry target



| 2024-25                               |           |  |                                |                 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|--------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                       | Your farm |  | Your farm                      | Industry target |
| % cows calving in spring (vs. autumn) | 100%      |  | Planned start of mating        | 23-Oct          |
| Planned start of calving (spring)     | 30-Jul    |  | Not-in-calf rate               | 14%             |
| Planned start of calving (autumn)     |           |  | Length AB (weeks)              | 12              |
| % cows treated for non-cycling        | 0%        |  | Length of total mating (weeks) | 0               |
|                                       |           |  |                                | 22% *           |

\*Not-in-calf rate target is based on length of total mating for the farm. All mating figures are for spring herd.

## Animal health, wastage and replacements

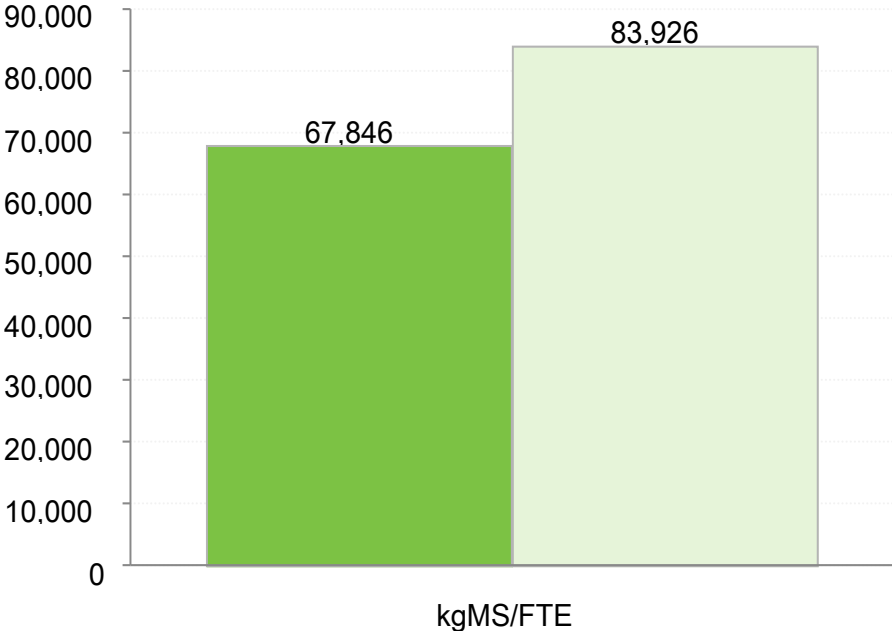
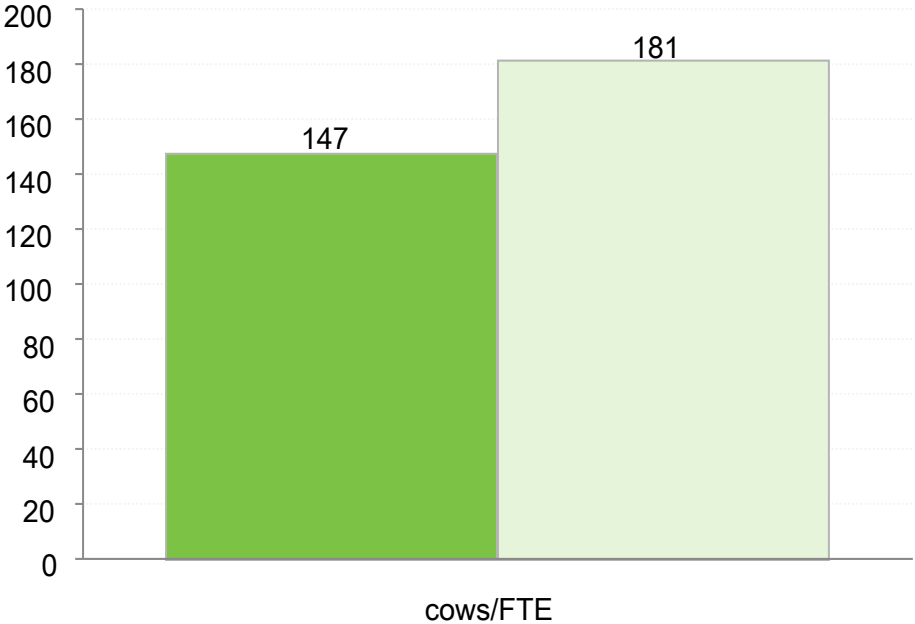
|                                     |                 | 2024-25 | 2023-24 | 2022-23 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|
|                                     | Industry target | Farm    | Farm    | Farm    |
| <b>Animal health</b>                |                 |         |         |         |
| Antibiotic treatments for lameness  | <3%             | 26%     | 4%      | 4%      |
| Average bulk SCC                    | <125,000        | 139,293 | 142,000 | 139,000 |
| Antibiotic treatments for mastitis  | <8%             | 16%     | 21%     | 12%     |
| <b>Wastage and replacements</b>     |                 |         |         |         |
| Cows milked 1 Dec as % opening cows | >96%            | 96%     | 97%     | 93%     |
| % herd entering as heifers          | 18-22%          | 22%     | 20%     | 23%     |
| 1st calvers on farm end of season   | >86%            | 88%     | 0%      | 85%     |

# People

This page provides information on key performance indicators for people for the 2024-25 season.

Lincoln University Dairy Farm

Benchmark

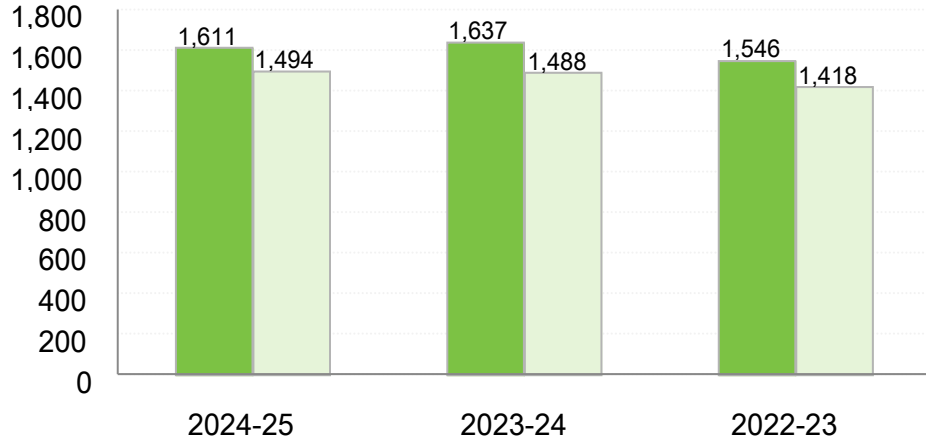


Benchmark: *Region (Canterbury) | Low/medium/High feed input (Medium input (System 3))  
Average of 38 farms*

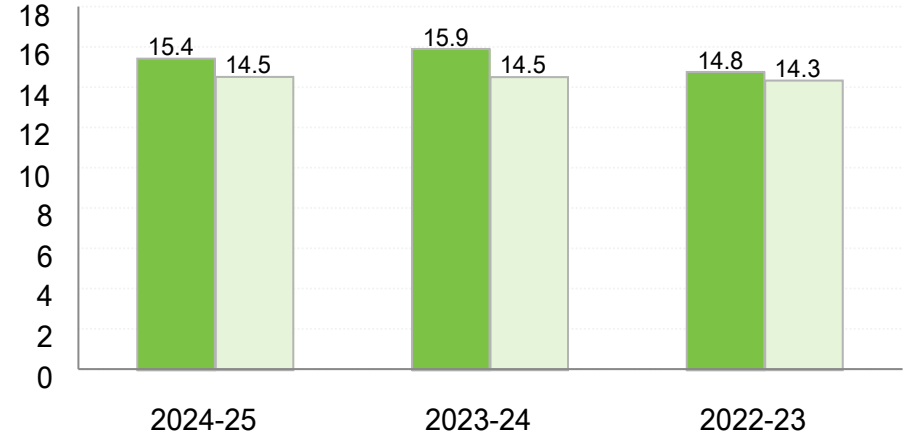
# How are my key physical variables changing over time?

■ Lincoln University Dairy Farm
 ■ Benchmark

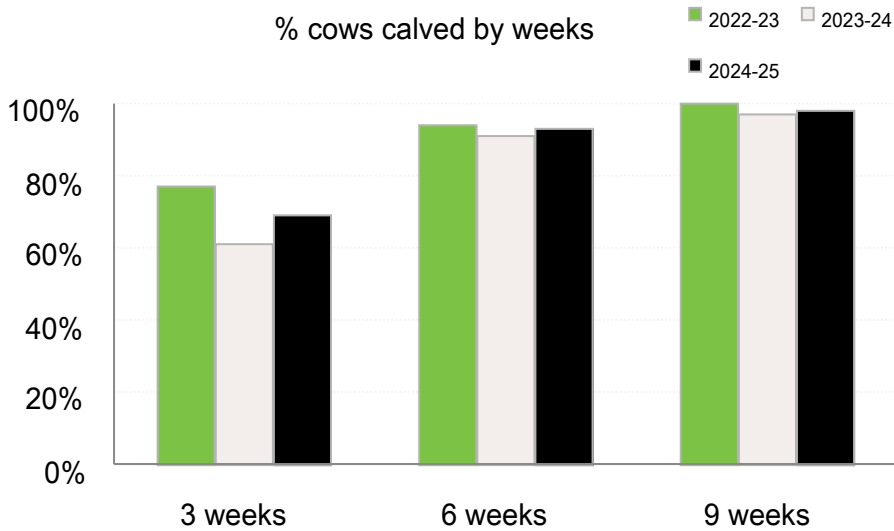
Milksolids production kg per ha



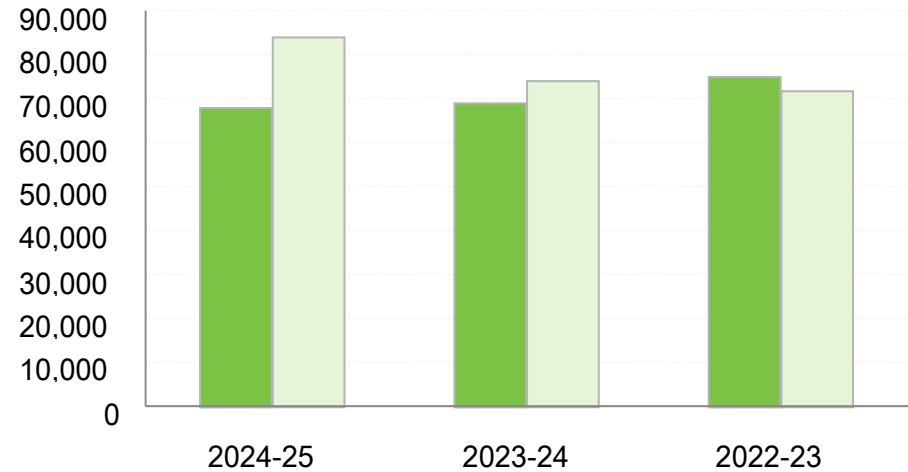
Pasture & Crop eaten T DM per ha



% cows calved by weeks



Milksolids production kg per FTE



Benchmark: Region (Canterbury) | Low/medium/High feed input (Medium input (System 3))

Number of farms 38 (2024-25) 28 (2023-24) 23 (2022-23)